






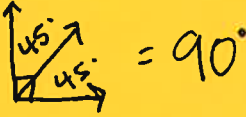
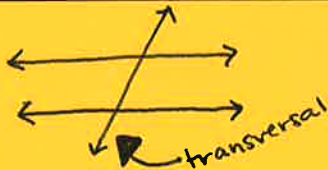




Lesson 9-2 Vocabulary

Vocabulary Term	Definition	Example	Symbol
Acute Angle	An angle that is less than 90° .		
Obtuse Angle	An angle that is greater than 90° but less than 180° .		
Right Angle	An angle that is exactly 90° .		
Congruent Angles	Angles that have the same measure.		
Supplementary Angles	Two angles whose sum of the measures is 180 degrees.		
Adjacent Angles	Angles that share a vertex and a side but no points in their interiors.		
Vertical Angles	Angles formed by two intersecting lines and are opposite each other. Vertical angles have the same measure.		
Complementary Angles	Two angles whose sum of the measures is 90 degrees.		
Transversal	A line that intersects two other lines in different points.		
Corresponding Angles	Angles that lie on the same side of the transversal and are in corresponding positions.		
Alternate Interior Angles	Angles that are in the interior of a pair of lines and on opposite sides of the transversal.		
Alternate exterior angles	Angles on the outside of a pair of \parallel lines and on opposite sides of transversal.	